

## SPECIFICATION

Replace paragraph 0027 on page 10 with the following replacement paragraph:

As shown in **FIG. 5A and 5B**, the patient is then turned sideways on the operating room bed **19**, and the hip surgery is begun. **FIG. 5A** depicts a patient having a right hip surgery. The wires **22a** and **22b** are perpendicular to the coronal plane **15** of the pelvis. At the point during the surgery that the acetabular component **17a** of the pelvic bone **17** is to be replaced, the pelvis bubble level **18** (**FIGS. 3A – 3C**) or the ball level **28** (**FIGS. 4A – 4C**) is slid over the wires **22a** and **22b** through the openings **20a** and **20b** (**FIGS. 3A – 3C**) or **30a** and **30b** (**FIGS. 4A – 4C**) in the housing **20** (**FIGS. 3A – 3C**) or **30** (**FIGS. 4A – 4C**). The operating room bed **19** is then adjusted with its built-in controls until the bubble **24a** (**FIGS. 3A – 3C**) or the ball **33** (**FIGS. 4A – 4C**) is centered, indicating that the pelvis is perpendicular to the floor of the operating room, and providing the surgeon with the necessary information to insert the acetabular component **17a** at the correct angle. Crosshairs **27a** (**FIGS. 3A and 3B**) or **37a** (**FIGS. 4A and 4B**) on the pelvis bubble level **18** (**FIGS. 3A-3C**) or the ball level **28** (**FIGS. 4A-4C**) are parallel to the coronal plane **15** of the pelvis as depicted in **FIG. 5A**. The crosshairs **27a** (**FIGS 3A and 3B**) and **37a** (**FIGS. 4A and 4B**) therefore provide additional information about pelvic position which is not accounted for by centering the bubble or the ball. At the end of the operation, the alignment wires **22a** and **22b** are removed from the patient's pelvis.

Amend paragraph 0026, line 5, by deleting "public" and substituting therefor--  
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